# OCT 2 5 2016

#### **BRODSKY & SMITH, LLC**

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October 17, 2016

Alfred S Auto Dismantling	Alfred Davidian d/b/a Alfred's Auto
a/k/a Alfred's Auto Dismantling	Dismantling
Attn: Alfred Davidian, Owner	9601 Glenoaks Blvd.
9601 Glenoaks Blvd.	Sun Valley, CA 91352
Sun Valley, CA 91352	
Alfred S Auto Dismantling	
a/k/a Alfred's Auto Dismantling	
Attn: Bayrom Gonzales, Yard Manager	
9601 Glenoaks Blvd.	
Sun Valley, CA 91352	
Gina McCarthy, Administrator	Samuel Unger, Executive Officer
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency	Regional Water Quality Control Board
Mail Code: 1101A	Los Angeles Region
1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.	320 West Fourth Street, Suite 200
Washington, DC 20460	Los Angeles, CA 90013
Jared Blumenfeld, Regional Administrator	Thomas Howard, Executive Director
U.S. EPA, Region 9	State Water Resources Control Board
75 Hawthorne Street	1001 I Street
San Francisco, CA 94105	Sacramento, CA 95814

Re: Notice of Violation and Intent to File Suit under the Clean Water Act

To Whom It May Concern:

Brodsky & Smith, LLC ("Brodsky Smith") represents Personal Privacy a citizen of the State of California. This letter is to give notice that Brodsky Smith, on Personal behalf, intends to file a civil action against Alfred Davidian d/b/a Alfred's Auto Dismantling a/k/a Alfred S Auto Dismantling ("Alfred's Auto") for violations of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, 33 U.S.C. § 1251 et seq. ("Clean Water Act" or "CWA") at Alfred's Auto's facility located at 9601 Glenoaks Blvd., Sun Valley, CA 91352 (the "Facility").

Person is a citizen of the State of California who is concerned with the environmental health of the Tujunga Wash, and uses and enjoys the waters of the Tujunga Wash, its inflows, and other areas of the overall Los Angeles River Watershed of which the Tujunga Wash is a tributary. Personal use and enjoyment of these waters are negatively affected by the pollution caused by Alfred's Auto's operations. Additionally, Persona acts in the interest of the general public to prevent pollution in these waterways, for the benefit of their ecosystems, and for the benefits of all individuals and communities who use these waterways for various recreational, educational, and spiritual purposes.

This letter addresses Alfred's Auto's unlawful discharge of pollutants from the Facility via indirect flow into the Tujunga Wash. Specifically, investigation of the Facility has uncovered significant, ongoing, and continuous violations of the CWA and the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System ("NPDES") General Permit No CAS000001 [State Water Resources Control Board] Water Quality Orders No. 2014-0057-DWQ (the "Industrial Stormwater Permit") and 92-12-DWQ (as amended by Order No. 97-03-DWQ) (the "Previous Industrial Stormwater Permit").

CWA section 505(b) requires that sixty (60) days prior to the initiation of a civil action under CWA section 505(a), a citizen must give notice of his or her intent to file suit. 33 U.S.C. § 1365(b). Notice must be given to the alleged violator, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA"), and the State in which the violations occur. As required by section 505(b), this Notice of Violation and Intent to File Suit provides notice to Alfred's Auto of the violations that have occurred and which continue to occur at the Facility. After the expiration of sixty (60) days from the date of this Notice of Violation and the Intent to File Suit, Person intends to file suit in federal court against Alfred's Auto under CWA section 505(a) for the violations described more fully below.

During the 60-day notice period, Person is willing to discuss effective remedies for the violations noticed in this letter. We suggest that Alfred's Auto contact Personal attorneys at Brodsky & Smith within the next twenty (20) days so that these discussions may be completed by the conclusion of the 60-day notice period. Please note that we do not intend to delay the filing of a complaint in federal court, and service of the complaint shortly thereafter, even if discussions are continuing when the notice period ends.

#### I. THE LOCATION OF THE ALLEGED VIOLATIONS

#### A. The Facility

Alfred's Auto's Facility is located at 9601 Glenoaks Blvd., Sun Valley, California. At the Facility, Alfred's Auto operates as an auto dismantling and recycling yard. At the Facility, the following industrial activities are likely to occur: (i) vehicle storage; (ii) engine removal; (iii) radiator removal; (iv) hydraulic part removal; (v) fuel tank removal; (vi) exhaust system removal; (vii) mechanical component removal; (viii) body part removal; (ix) lead acid batter removal and storage; (x) hazardous waste storage; (xi) waste oil removal and storage; and (xii) mercury switch removal. Other activities carried out in the regular course of business at the facility include storage of fuel and other oils, maintenance, equipment storage, and waste storage. Repair and maintenance activities carried out at the facility include, but are not limited to, electrical, plumbing, roofing, asphalt, concrete, and utilities repairs as well as janitorial duties. Possible pollutants from the Facility include total suspended solids ("TSS"), waste oils, lubricants, fuel, trash, debris, hazardous materials, chemical oxygen demand ("COD"), oil and grease, pH, heavy metals such as aluminum, iron, lead, and other pollutants. Stormwater from the Facility discharges, indirectly, into the Tujunga Wash.

#### B. The Affected Water

The Tujunga Wash are waters of the United States. The CWA requires that water bodies such as the Tujunga Wash meet water quality objectives that protect specific "beneficial uses." The beneficial uses of the Tujunga Wash include commercial and sport fishing, estuarine habitat, fish migration, navigation,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Alfred's Auto's Notice of Intent ("NOI") filed with the Los Angeles Regional Water Quality Control Board ("LARWQCB") improperly lists the receiving waters of the Facility only as "Storm Drain". Upon investigation, it is Personal knowledge and belief that the Facility lies within the watershed of the Los Angeles River, and that the Tujunga Wash, a tributary of the Los Angeles River via indirect flow is the most immediate receiving water of the Facility's stormwater runoff.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> On April 1, 2014, the State Water Resources Control Board adopted an updated NPDES General Permit for Discharges Associated with Industrial Activity, Water Quality Order No. 2014-57-DWQ, which has taken force or effect on its effective date of July 1, 2015. As of the effective date, Water Quality Order No. 2014-57-DWQ has superseded and rescinded the prior Industrial Stormwater Permit except for purposes of enforcement actions brought pursuant to the prior permit.

preservation of rare and endangered species, water contact and non-contact recreation, shellfish harvesting, fish spawning, and wildlife habitat. Contaminated stormwater from the Facility adversely affects the water quality of the Tujunga Wash, and threatens the beneficial uses and ecosystem of these watersheds, which includes habitats for threatened and endangered species.

#### II. THE FACILITY'S VIOLATIONS OF THE CLEAN WATER ACT

It is unlawful to discharge pollutants to waters of the United States, such as the Tujunga Wash, without an NPDES permit or in violation of the terms and conditions of an NPDES permit. CWA § 301(a), 33 U.S.C. § 1311(a); see also CWA § 402(p), 33 U.S.C. § 1342(p) (requiring NPDES permit issuance for the discharge of stormwater associated with industrial activities). The Industrial Stormwater Permit authorizes certain discharges of stormwater, conditioned on compliance with its terms.

Alfred's Auto has submitted a Notice of Intent ("NOI") to be authorized to discharge stormwater from the Facility under the Industrial Stormwater Permit since at least 1996. However, information available to Person indicates that stormwater discharges from the Facility have violated several terms of the Industrial Stormwater Permit and the CWA. Apart from discharges that comply with the Industrial Stormwater Permit, the Facility lacks NPDES permit authorization for any other discharges of pollutants into waters of the United States.

#### A. Discharges in Excess of BAT/BCT Levels

The Effluent Limitations of the Industrial Stormwater Permit prohibit the discharge of pollutants from the facility in concentrations above the level commensurate with the application of best available technology economically achievable ("BAT") for toxic pollutants<sup>3</sup> and best conventional pollutant control technology ("BCT") for conventional pollutants.<sup>4</sup> Industrial Stormwater Permit § I(D)(32), II(D)(2); Previous Industrial Stormwater Permit, Order Part B(3). The EPA has published Benchmark values set at the maximum pollutant concentration present if an industrial facility is employing BAT and BCT, as listed in Attachment 1 to this letter.<sup>5</sup>

Additionally, the Previous Industrial Stormwater Permit notes that effluent limitation guidelines for several named industrial categories have been established and codified by the Federal Government. See Previous Industrial Stormwater Permit pp. VIII. The Previous Industrial Stormwater Permit mandates that for facilities that fall within such industrial categories, compliance with the listed BAT and BCT for the specified pollutants listed therein must be met in order to be in compliance with the Previous Industrial Stormwater Permit. Id. Alfred's Auto falls within these named industrial categories and it must have complied with the effluent limitations found therein in order to have been in compliance with the Previous Industrial Stormwater Permit during its effective period. In addition, the Industrial Stormwater Permit requires dischargers to comply with Effluent Limitations "consistent with U.S. EPA's 2008 Multi Sector General Permit for Stormwater Discharges Associated with Industrial Activity (the "2008 MSGP")". See Industrial Stormwater Permit § I(D)(33). The 2008 MSGP has specific numeric effluent limitations based upon Stand Industrial Classification ("SIC") codes. Notably, Alfred's Auto, is classified as falling under SIC code 5015, relating to Automobile Salvage Yards, requiring it to be within numerical effluent limitations for (i) TSS; (ii) Total Aluminum; (iii) Total Iron; and (iv) Total Lead. Based on Alfred's Auto's

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> BAT is defined at 40 C.F.R. § 437.1 et seq. Toxic pollutants are listed at 40 C.F.R. § 401.15 and include copper, lead, and zinc, among others.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> BCT is defined at 40 C.F.R. § 437.1 et seq. Conventional pollutants are listed at 40 C.F.R. § 401.16 and include BOD, TSS, oil and grease, pH, and fecal coliform.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The Benchmark values are part of the EPA's Multi-Sector General Permit ("MSGP") and can be found at: <a href="http://www.epa.gov/npdes/pubs/msgp2008\_finalpermit.pdf">http://www.epa.gov/npdes/pubs/msgp2008\_finalpermit.pdf</a>. See 73 Fed. Reg. 56, 572 (Sept. 29, 2008) (Final National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) General Permit for Stormwater Discharges From Industrial Activities).

self-reporting data and/or lack thereof, Alfred's Auto has not met this requirement and was in violation of the Previous Stormwater Permit over a period of approximately five (5) years.

Alfred's Auto's self-reporting of industrial stormwater discharges shows a complete failure to adequately report numerical pollutant discharge values in every instance of self-reporting. See Attachment 2. This pattern of lack of self-reporting indicate that Alfred's Auto has failed and is failing to employ measures that constitute BAT and BCT in violation of the requirements of the Industrial Stormwater Permit and Previous Industrial Stormwater Permit Personal alleges and notifies Alfred's Auto have failed to adequately report numeric pollutant discharge values in every annual reporting period for the last five (5) years. See Attachment 2.

Alfred's Auto's ongoing discharges of stormwater containing unknown levels of pollutants possibly above EPA Benchmark values and BAT and BCT based levels of control also demonstrate that Alfred's Auto has not developed and implemented sufficient Best Management Practices ("BMPs") at the Facility. Proper BMPs could include, but are not limited to, moving certain pollution-generating activities under cover or indoors capturing and effectively filtering or otherwise treating all stormwater prior to discharge, frequent sweeping to reduce build-up of pollutants on-site, installing filters on downspouts and storm drains, and other similar measures.

Alfred's Auto's failure to develop and/or implement adequate pollution controls to meet BAT and BCT and the Facility violates and will continue to violate the CWA and the Industrial Stormwater Permit each and every day Alfred's Auto's discharges stormwater without meeting BAT/BCT. Person alleges that Alfred's Auto has discharged stormwater containing excessive and/or unknown levels of pollutants from the Facility to the Tujunga Wash during at least every significant local rain event over 0.2 inches in the last five (5) years.<sup>6</sup> Attachment 3 compiles all dates in the last five (5) years when a significant rain event occurred. Alfred's Auto is subject to civil penalties for each violation of the Industrial Stormwater Permit and the CWA within the past five (5) years.

#### B. Discharges Impairing Receiving Waters

The Industrial Stormwater Permit's Discharge Prohibitions disallow stormwater discharges that cause or threaten to cause pollution, contamination, or nuisance. See Industrial Stormwater Permit § III; Previous Industrial Stormwater Permit, Order Part A(2). The Industrial Stormwater Permit also prohibits stormwater discharges to surface or groundwater that adversely impact human health or the environment. See Industrial Stormwater Permit § VI(b)-(c); Previous Industrial Stormwater Permit, Order Part C(1). Receiving Water Limitations of the Industrial Stormwater Permit prohibit stormwater discharges that cause or contribute to an exceedance of applicable Water Quality Standards ("WQS") contained in a Statewide Water Quality Control Plan or the applicable Regional Water Board's Basin Plan. See Industrial Stormwater Permit § VI(a); Previous Industrial Stormwater Permit at Order Part C(2). Applicable WQS are set forth in the California Toxic Rule ("CTR")<sup>7</sup> and Chapter 3 of the Los Angeles Region (Region 4) Water Quality Control Plan (the "Basin Plan"). See Attachment 1. Exceedances of WQS are violations of the Industrial Stormwater Permit, the CTR, and the Basin Plan.

The Basin Plan establishes WQS for all Inland Surface and Coastal waters of Los Angeles and Ventura Counties, including but not limited to the following:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Significant local rain events are reflected in the rain gauge data available at: <a href="http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/cdo-web/search">http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/cdo-web/search</a>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The CTR is set forth at 40 C.F.R. § 131.38 and is explained in the Federal Register preamble accompanying the CTR promulgation set forth at 65 Fed. Reg. 31, 682 (May 18, 2000).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The Basin Plan is published by the Los Angeles Regional Water Quality Control Board at: <a href="http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/losangeles/water\_issues/programs/basin\_plan/basin\_plan\_documentation.s">http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/losangeles/water\_issues/programs/basin\_plan/basin\_plan\_documentation.s</a> <a href="http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/losangeles/water\_issues/programs/basin\_plan/basin\_plan\_documentation.s">http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/losangeles/water\_issues/programs/basin\_plan/basin\_plan\_documentation.s</a>

- Waters shall not contain suspended or settleable material in concentrations that cause nuisance or adversely affect beneficial users.
- Waters shall be free of changes in turbidity that cause nuisance or adversely affect beneficial
  uses. Increases in natural turbidity attributable to controllable water quality factors shall not
  exceed 20% where natural turbidity is between 0 and 50 nephelometric turbidity units
  ("NTU"), and shall not exceed 10% where the natural turbidity is greater than 50 NTU.
- All waters shall be maintained free of toxic substances in concentrations that are toxic to, or that produce detrimental physiological responses in, human, plant, animal, or aquatic life.
- Surface waters shall not contain concentrations of chemical constituents in amounts that adversely affect any designated beneficial use.

Person alleges that Alfred's Auto's stormwater discharges have caused or contributed to exceedances of Receiving Water Limitations in the Industrial Stormwater Permit and the WQS set forth in the Basin Plan and CTR. These allegations are based on Alfred's Auto's complete lack of self-reported data submitted to the Los Angeles Regional Water Quality Control Board. These sampling results indicate that Alfred's Auto's discharges are threatening to cause pollution, contamination, and/or nuisance; adversely impacting human health or the environment; and violating applicable WQS. For example, Alfred's Auto's sampling results indicate discharges with unknown levels of pollutants for the last five (5) annual reporting periods. See Attachment 2.

Person alleges that each day that Alfred's Auto has discharged stormwater from the Facility, Alfred's Auto's stormwater has and/or may have contained levels of pollutants that exceeded one or more of the Receiving Water Limitations and/or applicable WQS in the Tujunga Wash. Person alleges that Alfred's Auto has discharged stormwater exceeding Receiving Water Limitations and/or WQS from the Facility to the Tujunga Wash during at least every significant local rain event over 0.2 inches in the last five (5) years. See Attachment 3. Each discharge from the Facility that violates a Receiving Water Limitation or has caused or contributed, or caused or contributes, to an exceedance of an applicable WQS constitutes a separate violation of the Industrial Stormwater Permit and the CWA Alfred's Auto is subject to penalties for each violation of the Industrial Stormwater Permit and the CWA within the past five (5) years.

### C. Failure to Develop and Implement an Adequate Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan

The Industrial Stormwater Permit requires dischargers to develop and implement an adequate Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan ("SWPPP"). See Industrial Stormwater Permit, § X(B); Previous Industrial Stormwater Permit § A(1)(a). The Industrial Stormwater Permit also requires dischargers to make all necessary revisions to existing SWPPPs promptly. See Industrial Stormwater Permit, § X(B); Previous Industrial Stormwater Permit at Order Part E(2).

The SWPPP must include, among other requirements, the following: a site map, a list of significant materials handled and stored at the site, a description and assessment of all Alfred's Auto pollutant sources, a description of the BMPs that will reduce or prevent pollutants in stormwater discharges, specification of BMPs designed to reduce pollutant discharge to BAT and BCT levels, a comprehensive site compliance evaluation completed each reporting year, and revisions to the SWPPP within 90 days after a facility manager determines that the SWPPP is in violation of any requirements of the Industrial Stormwater Permit. See Industrial Stormwater Permit, § X(A); Previous Industrial Stormwater Permit Section § A.

Based on information available to Person, Alfred's Auto has failed to prepare and/or implement an adequate SWPPP and/or failed to revise the SWPPP to satisfy each of the requirements of § X(A) of the Industrial Stormwater Permit and/or § A Previous Industrial Stormwater Permit. For Example, Alfred's Auto's SWPPP does not include and/or Alfred's Auto has not implemented adequate BMPs designed to

reduce pollutant levels in discharges to BAT and BCT levels in accordance with Section A(8) of the Industrial Stormwater Permit, as evidenced by the data (or lack thereof) in Attachment 2. Additionally, to Personal best knowledge and belief, no SWPPP for the Facility has been submitted to the LARWQCB.

Accordingly, Alfred's Auto has violated the CWA each and every day that it has failed to develop and/or implement an adequate SWPPP meeting all of the requirements of § X(A) of the Industrial Stormwater Permit and/or § A Previous Industrial Stormwater Permit, and Alfred's Auto will continue to be in violation every day until it develops and implements an adequate SWPPP. Alfred's Auto is subject to penalties for each violation of the Industrial Stormwater Permit and the CWA occurring within the past five (5) years.

# D. Failure to Develop and Implement an Adequate Monitoring and Reporting Program and to Perform Annual Comprehensive Site Compliance Evaluations

The Industrial Stormwater Permit requires facility operators to develop and implement a Monitoring and Reporting Program ("MRP"). See Industrial Stormwater Permit, § XI; Previous Industrial Stormwater Permit § B(1) and Order Part E(3). The Industrial Stormwater Permit requires that MRP ensure that each the facility's stormwater discharges comply with the Discharge Prohibitions, Effluent Limitations, and Receiving Water Limitations specified in the Industrial Stormwater Permit. Id. Facility operators must ensure that their MRP practices reduce or prevent pollutants in stormwater and authorized non-stormwater discharges as well as evaluate and revise their practices to meet changing conditions at the facility. Id. This may include revising the SWPPP as required by § X(A) of the Industrial Stormwater Permit and/or §A Previous Industrial Stormwater Permit.

The MRP must measure the effectiveness of BMPs used to prevent or reduce pollutants in stormwater and authorized non-stormwater discharges, and facility operators must revise the MRP whenever appropriate. See Industrial Stormwater Permit, § XI; Previous Industrial Stormwater Permit § at Section B. The Industrial Stormwater Permit requires facility operators to visually observe and collect samples of stormwater discharges from all drainage areas. Id. Facility operators are also required to provide an explanation of monitoring methods describing how the facility's monitoring program will satisfy these objectives. Id.

Alfred's Auto has been operating the Facility with an inadequately developed and/or inadequately implemented MRP, in violation of the substantive and procedural requirements set forth in Section B of the Industrial Stormwater permit. For example, the data in Attachment 2 indicates that Alfred's Auto's monitoring program (or lack thereof) has not ensured that stormwater dischargers are in compliance with the Discharge Prohibitions, Effluent Limitations, and Receiving Water Limitations of the Industrial Stormwater Permit as required by the Industrial Stormwater Permit, § XI and/or the Previous Industrial Stormwater Permit § B. The monitoring has not resulted in practices at the Facility that adequately reduce or prevent pollutants in stormwater as required by Industrial Stormwater Permit, § XI and/or the Previous Industrial Stormwater Permit § B. Additionally, the Industrial Stormwater Permit requires dischargers to comply with Effluent Limitations "consistent with U.S. EPA's 2008 Multi Sector General Permit for Stormwater Discharges Associated with Industrial Activity (the "2008 MSGP")". The 2008 MSGP has specific numeric effluent limitations based upon Stand Industrial Classification ("SIC") codes. Notably, Alfred's Auto, is classified as falling under SIC code 5015, relating to Automobile Salvage Yards, requiring it to be within numerical effluent limitations for (i) TSS; (ii) Total Aluminum; (iii) Total Iron; and (iv) Total Lead. As previously stated, and in clear violation of the terms of the Industrial Stormwater Permit, Alfred's Auto has failed to report testing results for any applicable effluent limitation in any of their annual reports for the past five (5) annual reporting periods. See Attachments 2, 3. Therefore, the data in Attachment 2 indicates that Alfred's Auto's monitoring program has not effectively identified or responded to compliance problems at the Facility or resulted in effective revision of the BMPs in use or the Facility's SWPPP to address such ongoing problems as required by Industrial Stormwater Permit, § XI and/or the Previous Industrial Stormwater Permit § B.

As a part of the MRP, the Industrial Stormwater Permit specifies that Facility operators shall collect a total of four (4) stormwater samples throughout an annual reporting period. Specifically the

Industrial Stormwater Permit requires, "The discharger to collect and analyze samples from two (2) Qualifying Storm Events ('QSE's) within the first half of each reporting year (July 1 to December 31), and two (2) QSEs within the second half of each reporting year (January 1 to June 30)." Industrial Stormwater Permit § XI B(2). Furthermore, should facility operators fail to collect samples from the first storm event of the wet season, they are still required to collect samples from two other storm events during the wet season, and explain in the annual report why the first storm event was not sampled. *Id.* Despite this requirement Alfred's Auto has submitted every annual report for the past five (5) years with no stormwater sampling data whatsoever. Additionally, Alfred's Auto has failed to adequately explain why such sampling was not included.

The Industrial Stormwater Permit also requires dischargers to include laboratory reports with their Annual Reports submitted to the Regional Board. See Industrial Stormwater Permit, Fact Sheet § O and/or Previous Industrial Stormwater Permit § B(14). Notably, Alfred's Auto has not submitted any laboratory reports with testing data for any of the annual reporting periods within the previous five (5) years. Additionally, Alfred's Auto has failed to adequately explain why such sampling was not included.

As a result of Alfred's Auto's failure to adequately develop and/or implement an adequate MRP at the Facility, Alfred's Auto has been in daily and continuous violation of the Industrial Stormwater Permit and the CWA each and every day for the past five (5) years. These violations are ongoing. Alfred's Auto will continue to be in violation of the monitoring and reporting requirement each day that Alfred's Auto fails to adequately develop and/or implement an effective MRP at the Facility. Alfred's Auto is subject to penalties for each violation of the Industrial Stormwater Permit and the CWA occurring for the last five (5) years.

#### E. Unpermitted Discharges

Section 301(a) of the CWA prohibits the discharge of any pollutant into waters of the United States unless the discharge is authorized by a NPDES Permit issued pursuant to Section 402 of the CWA. See 33 U.S.C. §§ 1311(a), 1342. Alfred's Auto sought coverage for the Facility under the Industrial Stormwater Permit, which states that any discharge from an industrial facility not in compliance with the Industrial Stormwater Permit "must be either eliminated or permitted by a separate NPDES permit." Industrial Stormwater Permit, § III; Previous Industrial Stormwater Permit, Order Part A(1). Because Alfred's Auto has not obtained coverage under a separate NPDES permit and has failed to eliminate discharges not permitted by the Industrial Stormwater Permit, each and every discharge from the Facility described herein not in compliance with the Industrial Stormwater Permit has constituted and will continue to constitute a discharge without CWA Permit coverage in violation of section 301(a) of the CWA, 33 U.S.C. § 1311(a)

#### IV. PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR THE VIOLATIONS

Alfred Davidian d/b/a Alfred's Auto Dismantling a/k/a Alfred S Auto Dismantling is the person responsible of the violations at the Facility described above.

#### V. NAME AND ADDRESS OF NOTICING PARTY

Personal
Personal
Carson, CA 90745
Personal

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Under the Previous Industrial Stormwater Permit, only two samplings per year was required, specifically, from "the first hour of discharge from (1) the first storm event of the wet season, and (2) at least one other storm event in the wet season." See Previous Industrial Stormwater Permit § B(5)(a).

#### VI. COUNSEL

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#### VII. REMEDIES

Person intends, at the close of the 60-day notice period or thereafter, to file a citizen suit under CWA section 505(a) against Alfred's Auto for the above-referenced violations. Persona will seek declaratory and injunctive relief to prevent further CWA violations pursuant to CWA sections 505(a) and (d), 33 U.S.C. § 1365(a) and (d), and such other relief as permitted by law. In addition, Person will seek civil penalties pursuant to CWA section 309(d), 33 U.S.C. § 1319(d), and 40 C.F.R. § 19.4, against Alfred's Auto in this action. The CWA imposes civil penalty liability of up to \$37,500 per day per violation for violations occurring after January 12, 2009. 33 U.S.C. § 1319(d); 40 C.F.R. § 19.4. Person will seek to recover attorneys' fees, experts' fees, and costs in accordance with CWA section 505(d), 33 U.S.C. § 1365(d).

As noted above, Person and her Counsel are willing to meet with you during the 60-day notice period to discuss effective remedies for the violations noted in this letter. Please contact me to initiate these discussions.

Sincerely,

Evan J. Smith, Esquire esmith@brodsky-smith.com

Ryan P. Cardona, Esq.

rcardona@brodsky-smith.com

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# ATTACHMENT 1: EPA BENCHMARKS AND WATER QUALITY STANDARDS FOR DISCHARGES TO FRESHWATER

#### A. EPA Benchmarks, 2008 Multi-Sector General Permit ("MSGP")

Parameter	Units	Benchmark Value	Source	
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	Mg/L	100	2008 MSGP	
Total Aluminum	Mg/L	0.75	2008 MSGP	
Total Iron	Mg/L	1.0	2008 MSGP	
Total Lead	Mg/L	0.014-0.262*	2008 MSGP	

<sup>\*</sup> Dependent on Freshwater Hardness Range

# B. Water Quality Standards – Discharge Limitations and Monitoring Requirements (40 CFR Part 131.38 (California Toxics Rule or CTR), May 18, 2000)

Parameter	Units	Water Qualit	Source	
		4- Day Average	1-Hr Average	
Lead	Mg/L	0.0081	0.21	40 CFR Part 131.38
Zinc	Mg/L	0.081	0.090	40 CFR Part 131.38

# ATTACHMENT 2: TABLE OF EXCEEDENCES FOR ALFRED'S AUTO

The following table contains each stormwater sampling result which exceeds EPA Benchmarks and/or causes or contributes to an exceedance of CFR and/or Basin Plan Water Quality Standards. All EPA Benchmarks and CFR and/or Basin Plan Water Quality Standards are listed in Attachment 1. All stormwater samples were reported by the Facility during the past five (5) years.

Reporting Period	Sample Date	Parameter	Result	Unit
2015-2016	NO TESTIN	IG RESULTS REP	ORTED FOR ANY	PARAMETER
2014-2015	NO TESTIN	IG RESULTS REP	ORTED FOR ANY	PARAMETER
2013-2014	NO TESTIN	IG RESULTS REP	ORTED FOR ANY	PARAMETER
2012-2013	NO TESTIN	G RESULTS REP	ORTED FOR ANY	PARAMETER
2011-2012	NO TESTIN	IG RESULTS REP	ORTED FOR ANY	PARAMETER

<sup>\*</sup> Alfred's Auto's 2015-2016, 2014-2015, 2013-2014, 2012-2013, and 2011-2012 annual reports contained no effluent discharge testing information for any QSE.

<sup>\*</sup> Alfred's Auto did not submit any laboratory reports containing effluent discharge testing information for the 2015-2016, 2014-2015, 2013-2014, 2012-2013, and 2011-2012 annual reporting periods.

# ATTACHMENT 3: ALLEGED DATES OF EXCEEDANCES BY ALFRED'S AUTO January 1, 2011 – October 12, 2016

Days with precipitation two-tenths of an inch or greater, as reported by NOAA's National Climatic Data Center, Station: Burbank Glendale Pasadena Airport, CA US GHCND:USW00023152, when a stormwater discharge from the Facility is likely to have occurred. <a href="http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/cdo-web/search">http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/cdo-web/search</a>

2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
1/2	1/21	1/24	2/26	1/10	1/5
2/16	1/23	3/8	2/27	1/11	1/6
2/18	3/17	5/6	2/28	1/30	1/7
2/19	3/25		3/1	2/22	1/31
2/25	4/11		10/31	3/1	2/17
2/26	4/13		11/30	3/2	2/18
3/19	4/26		12/2	5/14	3/6
3/20	11/17		12/12	7/18	3/7
3/23	12/12		12/16	9/15	3/11
3/25	12/18		12/17	10/4	
10/5	12/24			12/13	
11/4	12/26			12/22	
11/6	12/29				
11/20					
12/12					